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Fresenius Investor News

First nine months 2003:

• Sales: €5.25 billion

+ 6 % at constant currency, - 5 % at actual exchange rates

EBIT: €590 million

+ 8 % at constant currency, - 4 % at actual exchange rates

Net income: € 105 million

+ 38 % at constant currency, + 24 % at actual exchange rates

- Operating cash flow and free cash flow at record levels
- Fresenius Medical Care: strong margin improvement in Q3
- Fresenius Kabi: Strong organic growth and positive earnings development
- Fresenius ProServe: further measures to improve profitability
- Reported figures impacted by exchange rate fluctuations

In the first nine months of 2003 the results of the Fresenius Group were significantly impacted by exchange rate fluctuations in the currency translation. At constant currency, sales increased 6 % for the first nine months of 2003. At actual rates, sales decreased 5 %. Operating income (EBIT) increased 8 % at constant currency and decreased 4 % at actual rates. Net income grew significantly at both constant currency and actual rates (+38 % and +24 % respectively).

Group outlook for the full year 2003

In the first nine months the health care systems were affected by postponed investments, cost-cutting measures and price pressure. In this difficult environment, Fresenius Group achieved further significant improvements in sales and earnings at constant currency. For the full-year 2003 expectations for a mid single digit sales growth remain unchanged.

The largest business segments, Fresenius Medical Care and Fresenius Kabi, both performed very well during the first nine months of 2003. The Group expects this trend to continue in the fourth quarter. Fresenius ProServe's performance during the third quarter 2003 was marked by declining bed utilization rates in the German hospitals, project delays and a general investment caution of the pharma industry. Fresenius ProServe plans to focus its business operations to improve profitability. In addition to the restructuring program initiated in the second quarter for Wittgensteiner Kliniken AG (WKA), Fresenius ProServe will take measures in the current year to reorganize its health care project and Pharma Industry businesses.

The Managing Board maintains its forecast that, at constant currency and before onetime expenses for the WKA program and the reorganization of the health care project and Pharma Industry businesses, the Group's net income will increase at a doubledigit rate. Forecast is based on the continued strong performance of Fresenius Medical Care and Fresenius Kabi. After one-time expenses, it is expected that net income at constant currency will show a high single to low double digit rate decrease compared to previous year.

Sales

In the first nine months of 2003, Fresenius Group increased sales at constant currency 6 %. Organic growth was 4 %. Acquisitions contributed 2 %. At actual rates, consolidated sales of €5,254 million were 5 % lower than previous year's figure (Q1-3/2002: €5,552 million). Exchange rates fluctuations had a 11 % negative impact on sales, mainly due to the 20 % weaker US dollar.

In all regions, Fresenius expanded its business successfully and increased sales at constant currency. The strongest sales were in North America with 50 % and Europe with 38 % of total sales. Asia-Pacific had 7 %, Latin America 4 % and other regions a total of 1 %. Despite the continuously difficult economic climate in Latin America, sales showed a significant growth of 31 % at constant currency.

in € million	Q1-3/2002	Q1-3/2003	Change	Change currency-
				adjusted
Europe	1,840	1,976	7%	8%
North America	3,059	2,638	-14%	3%
Asia-Pacific	389	372	-4%	7%
Latin America	187	183	-2%	31%
Africa	77	85	10%	5%
Total	5,552	5,254	-5%	6%

Sales contribution of the business segments:

	Q1-3/2002	Q1-3/2003
Fresenius Medical Care	72%	70%
Fresenius Kabi	19%	20%
Fresenius ProServe	8%	10%
Corporate	1%	0%

Fresenius Medical Care's reduced proportion of sales is mainly a result of currency translation effects.

Earnings

At constant currency, earnings before interest, income taxes, depreciation and amortization (EBITDA) increased 5 % compared to previous year. Currency translation effects also had a negative impact on Group earnings. At actual rates, EBITDA for the first nine months of 2003 was €825 million, 6 % below previous year's €874 million. EBIT increased 8 % at constant currency but decreased 4 % at actual rates to €590 million (Q1-3/2002: €617 million).

Fresenius Kabi contributed the largest share to the EBIT increase (+ €42 million or +65 % compared to previous year). This is thanks to the successful implementation of restructuring measures in 2001 and 2002 and a strong operating performance in the regions.

Net interest expense for the first nine months of 2003 improved to €-186 million compared to €-230 million for the same period in 2002.

In the following table previous year's consolidated statement of income has been adjusted according to Statement of Financial Accounting Standards No. 145 which stipulates that, as of January 1, 2003, the gains and losses from the early redemption of financial instruments are no longer classified as extraordinary. This rule requires the reclassification of €21 million of expenses before taxes (€13 million after taxes and related minority interests of €8 million) for the early redemption of Fresenius Medical Care's trust preferred securities in February 2002 which were to come due in 2006.

	Q1-3/2002	Q1-3/2002	Q1-3/2003	Change	Change
	as reported	adjusted		Q1-3/2003	Q1-3/2003
		according to		vs.	vs.
		SFAS No.145			Q1-3/2002
		in million €		as reported	SFAS
	in million €		in million €		No.145
EBIT	617	617	590	-4%	-4%
Net interest expense	-209	-230	-186	11%	19%
Earnings before income taxes	408	387	404	-1%	4%
Taxes on income and profit	-157	-149	-158	-1%	-6%
Minority interests	-161	-153	-141	12%	8%
Net income					
(before extraordinary expenses)	90	85	105	17%	24%
Extraordinary expenses after taxes and minority interests	-5	0	0		
Net income	85			24%	24%

The decrease in net interest expense is equally attributable to the change in US GAAP and to currency translation effects of US dollar into euro, since a large portion of Fresenius Medical Care's bank loans are in US dollars.

The effective tax rate for the first nine month of 2003 was 39.1 % (Q1-3/2002: 38.5 %).

Minority interests decreased to €141 million from €153 million for the first nine months of 2002, solely due to exchange rate effects. 96 % of minority interests relate to Fresenius Medical Care.

Net income increased 24 % to € 105 million, compared to € 85 million for the first nine months of 2002. At constant currency, the increase was with 38 % even more significant.

Earnings per ordinary share were €2.55, up from €2.06 in the same period of 2002. Earnings per preference share were €2.57, up from €2.08 in 2002. This was an increase of 24 % (at constant currency: 38 %).

Capital expenditure and acquisitions

Fresenius spent €247 million in the first nine months of 2003 on capital expenditure and acquisitions. (Q1-3/2002: €393 million). This reduction was in line with Company planning. In 2001 and 2002 Fresenius made significant investments to increase the capacity of production plants and further market expansion.

73 % of total investments was for capital expenditure, 27 % was for acquisitions. Capital expenditure was € 180 million, 36 % less than in the same period of 2002. Acquisitions were € 67 million compared to € 110 million in the first nine month of 2002.

Acquisitions related mainly to the purchase of dialysis clinics by Fresenius Medical Care. Capital expenditure was mainly used to equip new dialysis clinics, to expand and modernize existing clinics and to expand and optimize production plants.

Fresenius invested 55 % in Europe, 36 % in North America and 9 % in other regions.

Cash flow

Operating cash flow and free cash flow for the first nine months of 2003 were at record levels. Operating cash flow increased 11 % to €565 million (Q1-3/2002: €507 million). This excellent figure resulted from improved receivables management. Free cash flow before acquisitions and dividends increased 47 % to €399 million (Q1-3/2002: €272 million). This increase was also due to the significantly lower investment volume of €166 million (Q1-3/2002: €235 million). Free cash flow after acquisitions (€61 million) and dividends (€114 million) tripled to €224 million (Q1-3/2002: €72 million). In the third quarter 2003, operating cash flow was €254 million (Q3 2002: €211 million) and free cash flow before acquisitions and dividends was €191 million (Q3 2002: €118 million), again record levels for a third quarter.

Asset, liability and equity structure

Balance sheet total of the Group was $\le 8,817$ million, a decrease of ≤ 98 million (1 %) compared to December 31, 2002 ($\le 8,915$ million). This was due to currency effects. At constant currency, balance sheet total increased by 5 %.

Shareholders' equity (including minority interests) was €3,264 million as of September 30, 2003 compared to €3,369 million as of December 31, 2002, a decrease of 3 % or €105 million due to currency translation effects. At constant currency there was an increase of 4 %. Equity ratio (including minority interests) was 37.0 % as of September 30, 2003 compared to 37.8 % as of December 31, 2002.

Bank loans, Eurobonds, commercial paper and trust preferred securities were €3,181 million as of September 30, 2003 compared to €3,283 million as of December 31, 2002. The reduction was due to currency translation effects, partially offset by reduction in Fresenius Medical Care's receivables securitization program.

Debt, including liabilities from the receivables securitization program of Fresenius Medical Care decreased from €3,707 million as of December 31, 2002 to €3,335 million as of September 30, 2003. The reduction was almost equally achieved from the strong free cash flow as well as currency translation effects.

The key ratio net debt/EBITDA improved substantially as of September 30, 2003 to 2.8 (December 31, 2002: 3.0). The Group is therefore well on track to achieve its target of 2.5 in 2005.

Employees

As of September 30, 2003, Fresenius Group had 65,941 employees worldwide. This was 4 % or 2,303 people more than at the end of 2002.

The Business Segments

Fresenius Medical Care

Fresenius Medical Care AG is the world's leading provider of products and services for patients with chronic kidney failure. As of September 30, 2003, Fresenius Medical Care provided treatment to around 117,600 patients in 1,540 dialysis clinics, 7 % more than at the same date last year.

in US \$ million	Q1-3/2002	Q1-3/2003	Change
·			ŭ
Sales	3,726	4,075	9%
EBITDA	671	709	6%
EBIT	511	550	8%
Net income	207	237	14%
Employees	41,766 (31.12.2002)	43,305 (30.9.2003)	4%

Fresenius Medical Care increased sales for the first nine months of 2003 by 9 % to US\$ 4,075 million (Q1-3/2002: US\$ 3,726 million). At constant currency, the increase was 6 %. Fresenius Medical Care had 70 % of sales in North America and 30 % elsewhere.

Both, dialysis products and dialysis care had increased sales. Sales of dialysis products increased 14 % to US\$ 1,134 million (Q1-3/2002: US\$ 991 million). The international business in particular showed strong growth rates. The number of dialysis treatments increased 9 % to 13.2 million, increasing sales by 8 % to US\$ 2,941 million (Q1-3/2002: US\$ 2,735 million). Dialysis care sales and dialysis products sales were 72 % and 28 % of sales respectively.

Fresenius Medical Care improved EBIT 8 % to US\$ 550 million (Q1-3/2002: US\$ 511 million). Net income increased 14 % to US\$ 237 million.

For the year 2003, Fresenius Medical Care confirms its outlook and expects mid single digit revenue growth (in constant currency) and net income growth in the high single digit to low double digit range. As mentioned in the first quarter of 2003, Fresenius Medical Care expects to achieve net income growth for the full year 2003 near the lower end within the predicted range.

As a result of the weaker US dollar against the euro, Fresenius Medical Care's sales of US\$ 4,075 million (€3,665 million) were 9 % lower than the €4,018 million recorded in the first nine months of 2002 after conversion to euros. EBIT decreased 10 % to €494 million (Q1-3/2002: €551 million), also due to currency translation effects.

For further information please see Fresenius Medical Care Investor News at www.fmc-ag.com.

Fresenius Kabi

Fresenius Kabi focuses on nutrition and infusion therapy of patients, many of whom are seriously ill, in hospital and the ambulatory environment, as well as on infusion and transfusion technology.

in € million	Q1-3/2002*	Q1-3/2003	Change
Sales	1,068	1,082	1%
EBITDA	125	164	31%
EBIT	65	107	65%
Net income	13	44	238%
Employees	11,311 (31.12.2002)	11,448 (30.9.2003)	1%

Fresenius Kabi's sales for the first nine months of 2003 were € 1,082 million, 1 % above the level of € 1,068 million recorded in the same period last year. Currency translation had a negative impact of –5 % on sales. Fresenius Kabi achieved strong organic sales growth of 7%, in line with the full-year target. Divestments (the sale of the company ProReha effective August 1, 2002) reduced sales by –1 % percentage point.

The hospital business generated sales of € 865 million (Q1-3/2002: € 843 million; +3 %). The Ambulatory Care business had sales of € 217 million (Q1-3/2002: € 225 million).

EBIT for the first nine months of 2003 increased to €107 million, well ahead of previous year's figure of €65 million. The EBIT margin for the first nine months of 2003 was 9.9 %, well above the margin achieved in the same period last year (6.1 %). Next to the good development in the operating business, cost optimization measures had a positive impact on earnings. These improvements will continue to make a significant contribution to future earnings growth.

This positive development is based on the sustainable success of Fresenius Kabi's products in the European, Asian-Pacific and Latin American markets. In Europe, Fresenius Kabi was able to achieve a good 4 % organic sales growth despite cost saving measures and price pressure in the first nine months of 2003. In other, strong growing regions, Fresenius Kabi achieved double-digit organic growth rates.

For the full year 2003, Fresenius Kabi confirms its outlook of achieving organic sales growth of 6 to 7 %. EBIT for the full year 2003 is expected to be in the range of €140 million.

^{*} The previous year's figures have been adjusted to include the newly-assigned activities of the business segment Fresenius HemoCare (transfusion and infusion technology) effective January 1, 2003.

Fresenius ProServe

Fresenius ProServe offers services for the international healthcare systems. The range of services includes hospital management, the planning and construction of hospitals as well as of pharmaceutical and medical-technical production plants.

in € million	Q1-3/2002	Q1-3/2003	Change
			-
Sales	475	526	11%
EBITDA	34	27	-21%
EBIT	16	5	-69%
Net income	3	-4	-233%
Employees	9,894 (31.12. 2002)	10,655 (30.9.2003)	8%

Fresenius ProServe increased sales 11 % to € 526 million for the first nine months of 2003 (Q1-3/2002: € 475 million). The Healthcare and Pharma Industry businesses achieved 86 % and 14 % of sales respectively.

Healthcare sales grew by 20 % to €452 million (Q1-3/2002: €377 million). Sales generated by services increased 30 % to €361 million (Q1-3/2002: €277 million). This was mainly due to the first-time consolidation of newly-acquired hospitals (mainly Klinikum Rhein-Sieg in Siegburg). Healthcare sales from project business, at €91 million, were 10 % lower than in the same period last year (Q1-3/2002: €100 million) due to project delays. Pharma Industry sales of €74 million were 24 % lower than in the same period last year due to a general investment caution of the pharma industry.

Fresenius ProServe's EBIT for the first nine months of 2003 was €5 million, after one-time expenses of €8 million (Q1-3/2002: 16 million). The company announced in August 2003 a program at WKA to reduce costs and improve profitability. The program has been implemented in line with plan.

A bed utilization rate of 80 % in the third quarter 2003, compared to one of 81% in the last quarter, shows that bed utilization in acute and post-acute hospitals has not yet seen a turnaround. In addition, delayed project business orders had a negative impact on quarterly earnings.

A primary task is to improve Fresenius ProServe's profitability. In addition to the WKA program, further reorganization measures are currently being taken for the health care project and Pharma Industry businesses and will be implemented during the current year. This includes focusing Pharma Industry business regionally on selected key markets and the related closure of business sites. In addition, the ProServe subsidiary hospitalia international, which is active in the hospital project business such as the subsidiary VAMED, will operate in future under the umbrella of VAMED. This will lead to advantages from a joint market approach and from cost savings in administration. The reorganization will lead to one-time expenses of approximately €15 million, mainly in connection with the write-down of the carrying amount of assets. These expenses will incur in 2003.

For the full year 2003, Fresenius ProServe expects EBIT before one-time expenses to be in the range of €15 million. After one-time expenses, Fresenius ProServe anticipates that it will report a negative EBIT of approximately €20 million.



Fresenius Group in Figures

Consolidated statement of income (unaudited)

1 January to 30 September; in million €	2002*	2003	Change
Sales	5,552	5,254	-5%
Cost of goods sold	-3,753	-3,564	-5%
Gross profit	1,799	1,690	-6%
Selling, general and administrative expenses	-1,084	-1,013	-7%
Expenditure on research and development	-98	-87	-11%
Operating income (EBIT)	617	590	-4%
Net interest	-230	-186	-19%
Earnings before income taxes and minority interests	387	404	4%
Income taxes	-149	-158	6%
Minority interests	-153	-141	-8%
Net income	85	105	24%
Basic earnings per ordinary share (in €)	2.06	2.55	24%
Fully diluted earnings per ordinary share (in €)	2.06	2.55	24%
Basic earnings per preference share (in €	2.08	2.57	24%
Fully diluted earnings per preference share (in €)	2.08	2.57	24%

^{*} adjusted according to US GAAP SFAS 145

	as reported		
Extraordinary expenses after income taxes and minority interests	5	0	-100%
Net income before extraordinary expenses	90	105	17%

Average number of shares			
Ordinary shares	20,484,804	20,484,842	
Preference shares	20,484,804	20,484,842	
EBIT (in million €)	617	590	-4%
Depreciation and amortization (in million €)	257	235	-9%
EBITDA (in million €)	874	825	-6%
EBIT margin	11.1%	11.2%	
EBITDA margin	15.7%	15.7%	

Key figures of the balance sheet (unaudited)

in million €	31.12.2002	30.9.2003	Change
Assets			
Current assets	2,743	2,938	7%
thereof trade accounts receivable	1,299	1,488	15%
thereof inventories	659	662	0%
thereof cash and cash equivalents	163	148	-9%
Non-current assets	6,172	5,879	-5%
thereof tangible assets	1,797	1,708	-5%
thereof goodwill and other intangible assets	3,986	3,709	-7%
Balance sheet total	8,915	8,817	-1%
Liabilities and shareholders equity			
Liabilities	5,546	5,553	0%
thereof trade accounts payable	300	228	-24%
thereof accruals and other short-term liabilities	1,559	1,687	8%
thereof debt	3,283	3,181	-3%
Minority interests	1,762	1,692	-4%
Shareholders´ equity	1,607	1,572	-2%
Balance sheet total	8,915	8,817	-1%

Cash flow statement (unaudited)

in million €	Q1-3/2002	Q1-3/2003	Change
Net income before minority interests	238	246	3%
Depreciation and amortization	257	235	-9%
Change in accruals for pensions	-1	-	
Cash flow	494	481	-3%
Change in working capital	13	84	546%
Operating cash flow	507	565	11%
Capital expenditure (net)	-235	-166	29%
Free cash flow before acquisitions and dividends	272	399	47%
Cash used for acquisitions (net)	-99	-61	38%
Dividends	-101	-114	-10%
Free cash flow after acquisitions and dividends	72	224	211%
Cash used for financing activities	-61	-233	-282%
Effect of exchange rates on change in cash and cash			
equivalents	-16	-6	63%
Net decrease in cash and cash equivalents	-5	-15	-200%

Segment reporting

	Fresenius Medical Care		Fresenius Kabi* Fresenius ProServe			Corporate/Other*			Total						
	Q1-3/02	Q1-3/03	Change	Q1-3/02	Q1-3/03	Change	Q1-3/02	Q1-3/03	Change	Q1-3/02	Q1-3/03	Change	Q1-3/02	Q1-3/03	Change
	€m	€m		€m	€m		€m	€m		€m	€m		€m	€m	
Sales	4,018	3,665	-9%	1,068	1,082	1%	475	526	11%	-9	-19	-111%	5,552	5,254	-5%
of which contributing to consolidated sales	4,000	3,647	-9%	1,051	1,066	1%	473	524	11%	28	17		5,552	5,254	-5%
of which intercompany sales	18	18	0%	17	16	-6%	2	2		-37	-36	3%	0	0	
contribution to consolidated sales	72%	70%		19%	20%		8%	10%		1%	0%		100%	100%	
EBITDA	723	637	-12%	125	164	31%	34	27	-21%	-8	-3	63%	874	825	-6%
Depreciation and amortization	172	143	-17%	60	57	-5%	18	22	22%	7	13	86%	257	235	-9%
ЕВІТ	551	494	-10%	65	107	65%	16	5	-69%	-15	-16	-7%	617	590	-4%
Balance of interest	-190	-143	25%	-28	-33	-18%	-8	-7	13%	-4	-3	25%	-230	-186	19%
Net income	224	213	-5%	13	44	238%	3	-4	-233%	-155	-148	5%	85	105	24%
Operating cash flow	426	452	6%	52	107	106%	19	12	-37%	10	-6	-160%	507	565	11%
Free cash flow before acquisitions and dividends	257	336	31%	23	73	217%	-10	-1	90%	2	-9		272	399	47%
Debt**	2,277	2,216	-3%	764	738	-3%	241	248	3%	1	-21		3,283	3,181	-3%
Total assets**	6,465	6,352	-2%	1,531	1,534	0%	759	785	3%	160	146	-9%	8,915	8,817	-1%
Capital expenditure	201	127	-37%	45	36	-20%	29	13	-55%	8	4	-50%	283	180	-36%
Acquisitions	87	78	-10%	19	1	-95%	0	3		4	-15		110	67	-39%
Research and development expenses	35	34	-3%	41	35	-15%	1	1		21	17	-19%	98	87	-11%
Employees (per capita on balance sheet date)**	41,766	43,305	4%	11,311	11,448	1%	9,894	10,665	8%	667	523	-22%	63,638	65,941	4%
Key figures															
EBITDA margin	18.0%	17.4%		11.7%	15.2%		7.2%	5.1%					15.7%	15.7%	
EBIT margin	13.7%	13.5%		6.1%	9.9%		3.4%	1.0%					11.1%	11.2%	
Depreciation and amortization as % of sales	4.3%	3.9%		5.6%	5.3%		3.8%	4.2%					4.6%	4.5%	

^{*} previous year adjusted for the reallocation of the business of Fresenius HemoCare since January 1, 2003: Fresenius Kabi incl. transfusion and infusion technology, Corporate/Other incl. immune therapy and adsorber technology until March 31, 2003.

Adsorber technology business consolidated in Fresenius Medical Care as of April 1, 2003.

^{**} previous year as of 31.12.2002